

Laser Cutter

The Orange Laser Cutter is usable by members who have had an induction.

Top-level specifications:

- A2-ish Bed size, 600mm x 400mm
- 60W Laser Tube (1250mm long / 55mm diameter)
- Awesome Extraction
- Air Assist
- Red-dot laser for bounds checking
- Smart cooling
- Rise-and-fall bed, Super useful for engraving stuff on stuff

Preparing a file for laser cutting

Inkscape

For vector editing and manipulation, we suggest people use Inkscape. It is a free and powerful vector editing package, and integrates well with Visicut. It can be downloaded from [the Inkscape release page](#).

Visicut

Visicut is the software that converts vector files into the code that drives the laser cutter. You can download Visicut from <https://download.visicut.org/>.

On first run, Visicut will ask if you want to download settings. You do, just select **Manchester, UK: Hackspace** from the list and Visicut will automatically install the latest settings for our laser cutter. You can use this same method to reset your settings back to the default, under the menu item **Options > Settings > Download Recommended Settings**. You may get an error message, *error importing settings*. If this occurs, just close and reopen Visicut for the settings to apply.

If you have Visicut and Inkscape installed, and have run Inkscape at least once (so it creates its folders in your home drive), You can install the Inkscape addon for Visicut by clicking **Extras > Install Inkscape Extension** in Visicut. Close and reopen Inkscape and you should have new options for sending vectors directly to Visicut. This isn't necessary to use the laser, but may be helpful.

Operating the laser cutter

Safety

- The coolant pump *must* be running before cutting starts. This is a metal box near the laser cutter which has a two-digit temperature display when switched on.

- Leave the coolant pump on for at least 5 minutes after cutting finishes.
- Fume extraction must run while the laser is cutting. This starts automatically when the laser is working. If the extraction doesn't appear to be working, stop cutting.
- Stay close to the laser cutter and watch it at all times when it's cutting. Fires can start very quickly.

In the event of fire / emergency

- There is an emergency stop button on the top panel that is functional. Opening the lid will also stop the laser from firing.
- If you can smother the fire in-place using a piece of stock, do so.
- If you can't smother it in place, put it on the floor and try to stomp it out.
- If the fire is in the laser and you can safely fight it use the CO2 extinguisher available next to the laser
- If you can't do either of these, leave the space immediately, and call 999. The address is Wellington House, Pollard Street, Manchester, M40 7FS

Problems other than fires

If the laser cutter does **anything** out of the ordinary please make sure it's reported to a laser maintainer. This can be done through the visual arts telegram channel. If the response is "please put the out of order sign on the cutter" then do that. **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FIX THE CUTTER YOURSELF.** If it is clearly not functioning, put the out of order sign on it and then report it. We will fix it as soon as possible.

Even if the cut didn't work, let the cutter cool down for 5 mins before turning off.

Control Panel

- There is a small set of keyboard keys and small LCD screen which controls the laser. Menus can be selected by pressing left and right and pressing '*'.¹
- The red button is a 'back' button in menus.

Positioning the part

With the laser the only thing to worry about is the Z axis. There is a switch on the right hand side of the machine that can be used to lower or raise the main bed of the machine. It's a bit slow, but make sure not to crash the bed into the laser head, since there isn't a limit switch installed.

There is a small plastic guide inside the machine that can be used to position / zero the height against the bed (the default position). This goes in between the bed and the left-hand part of the laser cutter, as in the following photo:



- For cutting materials up to 6mm it's best to have the z height set to bed level.

- For cutting materials over 6mm, try to keep the z height 6mm into the material. Multiple passes may be needed.
- For engraving set the focal point to the height of the material by placing the guide on top of it.
- If you want crisp engraving on thick stock, you will need to do a 2-stage engrave / cut with the focal point initially set to the top of your material, and then re-set to the correct height for your cut.
- If your material has a protective cover, try to leave the cover on both sides of the material, or if only one side the bottom (not the top)

Test the Laser positioning

Next we're going to do a boundary test to make sure the laser cutter is working on the area we think it's going to:

- Click Execute in Visicut
- Wait for the small LCD on the Cutter it to say the file name
- Press the right arrow on the laser cutter to select "Boundary"
- Press the centre '*' button, which will cause the red laser to trace the box outline of where the cut will be done on the material.
- This can be done with the lid open to assist in placing your part, however please keep your hands/hair/ties out of the way of the moving parts.
- Press the '*' button again to go back to the main menu.

Do the cut

At this stage you should now be ready to do the cut for real.

- Make sure the lid is closed, The laser won't fire with it open.
- Check the coolant pump is still working and the temperature is below 25.
- The LCD should show Run on the screen.
- Press '*' button to start the run job.
- Start a timer on your phone or watch so you know how much your job costs.
- Keep watching the laser while it cuts to check nothing goes wrong (e.g. fires)
- Check the extraction fan is working (you can tell either by the noise it makes, or by vibration of the exhaust hose).

Logging and payment

- There is a log book for keeping track of usage of the laser. Please write down your name and the length of time you've used the laser for in the front of the book.
- The laser is currently billed by 10 minute or 1 hour increments, with the rate written on the laser cutter.
- Laser fees can be paid in cash into a box near the laser, which should be clearly marked, or from your member balance at [the members' system laser page](#).
- If you owe the laser fund money or have some credit (e.g. have paid with a £10 note and only used £3) record your balance at the back of the log book.

Things to not worry about

- The key does nothing
- There is no need to turn the laser cutter off but there is a switch at the back if it is needed

Materials that can be used

Material Class	Material	Hazard Status	Potential Hazards	Special Notes	Suppliers
Wood	Laser-grade MDF	<p style="background-color:yellow;">Potential Risks</p>	Increased risk of fire on multiple passes	Makes the laser filthy which makes it harder to use and reduces the lifespan of parts - preference is for users to not use this material unless it's necessary	Fred Aldous Kitronic Hobarts
Wood	Standard MDF	<p style="background-color:red;">Banned</p>	Chemical off-gassing, laser damage	Glues use formaldehyde, which is both carcinogenic and damaging to the laser	
Wood	Laser-Grade Plywood - Birch Ply	<p style="background-color:green;">Low Risk</p>			Fred Aldous Kitronic Hobarts
Wood	Laser-Grade Plywood - Poplar Ply	<p style="background-color:green;">Low Risk</p>			Fred Aldous Kitronic Hobarts
Wood	Laser-Grade Bamboo	<p style="background-color:green;">Low Risk</p>			
Wood	Standard Plywood	<p style="background-color:red;">Banned</p>	Chemical off-gassing, laser damage	Glues use formaldehyde, which is both carcinogenic and damaging to the laser	
Wood	Balsa wood	<p style="background-color:yellow;">Potential Risks</p>	Potential for combustion, smoldering	Pre-soaking with water may be safer - requires a high level of vigilance while cutting/engraving	Fred Aldous

Material Class	Material	Hazard Status	Potential Hazards	Special Notes	Suppliers
Wood	Paper	<p style="background-color: yellow;">Potential Risks</p>	Potential for combustion, smoldering	Light paper can easily become tinder. While etching is 'kindof' possible, it more leaves a carbon dust behind rather than impacting the paper. Cutting is functional and works well.	
Wood	Card/Cardboard	<p style="background-color: yellow;">Potential Risks</p>	Potential for combustion, smoldering	Channels in cardboard can allow for unseen combustion, please cut and engrave with caution	
Wood	General Wood (unprocessed/treated)	<p style="background-color: green;">Low Risk</p>		Woods with lower resin content cut and engrave better.	
Wood	cork	<p style="background-color: yellow;">Potential Risks</p>	Potential for combustion, smoldering	Channels and gaps in cork can allow for unseen combustion, please cut and engrave with caution, pre-soaking with water may be safer	
Plastics	Thin Polypropylene sheet (<1mm)	<p style="background-color: green;">Low Risk</p>			
Plastics	Acrylic AKA Perspex	<p style="background-color: green;">Low Risk</p>			
Plastics	Foamcore (non-PVC variety)	<p style="background-color: green;">Low Risk</p>			
Plastics	Correx (Genuine non PVC)	<p style="background-color: green;">Low Risk</p>			
Plastics	Depron Foam	<p style="background-color: yellow;">Potential Risks</p>			
Plastics	Plastics containing PVC (e.g. Sintra, Foamex)	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, emissions	Off-gasses chlorine gas when lased	
Plastics	Plastics containing ABS (e.g. 'sheet styrene', Plasticard)	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, fire risk		
Plastics	Polycarbonate	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, fire risk		
Plastics	Polystyrene	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, fire risk		
Plastics	Polypropylene	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		
Plastics	HDPE	<p style="background-color: red;">Banned</p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		

Material Class	Material	Hazard Status	Potential Hazards	Special Notes	Suppliers
Foam	PlastaZote Foam	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		Thin material will need weighing/taping down, may cause bounce-back rarely. Engraves and cuts super-well	
Textiles	Cotton	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>			Abakhan Fabrics
Textiles	Hemp	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>			
Textiles	Unwashed/Greasy Wool	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	Fire risk	Lanolin in wool can cause fire and smolder	
Textiles	Acrylic Felt	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		'Welds' the edges and can give a fray resistant edge, although this edge can be rough	Abakhan Fabrics
Textiles	Polar Fleece	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		'Welds' the edges and can give a fray resistant edge, although this edge can be rough	Abakhan Fabrics
Textiles	Stretch Cotton Jersey (t-shirt material)	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>			Abakhan Fabrics
Textiles	Veg Tanned Leather	<p style="background-color:yellow;"> Potential Risks </p>	Foul odour, emissions, risks with tanning method	Please check from the supplier that it is specifically vegetable tanned - other tanning processes and ingredients can be harmful. Cutting leather can also give off foul smells and be highly anti-social - please be aware of this when using the laser, and of your other hackspace members.	
Textiles	Leather chrome-tanned, or unknown tanning agent	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	Emissions		
Textiles	Fake Leather	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, emissions	Off-gasses chlorine gas when lased	
Textiles	PVC	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, emissions	Off-gasses chlorine gas when lased	
Ceramics	Stone	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		Engrave only.	
Ceramics	Ceramic tile	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		Engrave only.	

Material Class	Material	Hazard Status	Potential Hazards	Special Notes	Suppliers
Ceramics	Glass	<p style="background-color:green;"> Low Risk </p>		Engrave only.	
Composites	Fibreglass	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		
Composites	Carbon fibre	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		
Metals		<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	Can cause laser damage	She might seem really eager, but it's probably best not to listen to her...	
Other	Food	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		
Other	Body Parts	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>			
Other	Lucy	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, safety hazard		
Other	Fresh Flower Oasis	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	emissions	Contains formaldehyde	
Other	Laser rubber	<p style="background-color:yellow;"> Potential Risks </p>	laser contamination	Requires immediate cleaning of the laser after cutting - this takes significant time, and takes the laser out of service until its done. Please only do this after consulting with the laser team.	
Other	Non-Laser Rubber	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	laser contamination, fire risk, emissions		
Other	Flexible Magnetic Sheet	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	Emissions (HCI)	If you find a supposedly laser-safe version, please contact the laser maintainers for approval	
Other	Asbestos (all types and products)	<p style="background-color:red;"> Banned </p>	Laser Contamination, H&S	Someone asked, so we had to put this entry in	

Status

Status can be seen on the members page at [the members' system laser page](#). If there is a notice on the laser itself saying it is out of order, that takes priority.

Checklist for induction - Trainers Guide to Laser Cutting

Prerequisites

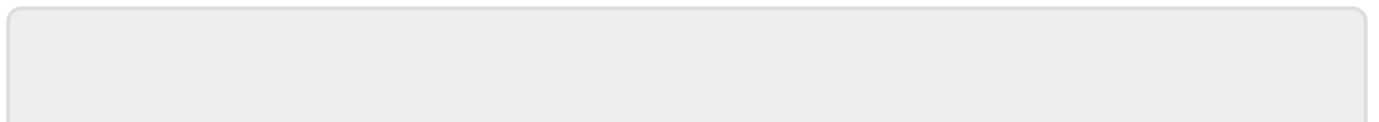
Make sure they read through this page and if possible have visicut setup on their machine with a design ready to cut

Steps

1. Introduce the laser cutter and point all the functions i.e. the bed size, where the cooler is, the extractor fan, menu selector
2. Always mention safety and safety features throughout, start with making sure the coolant pump is on (mention recommended temp)
3. Open the cover. Mention the different parts, laser head, mirrors, lid switch for laser cut off
4. Mention what the lid switch does and how it can be useful but make sure it is not tampered with
5. Also mention the pneumatic arm is not working properly. A few people have bumped their heads. (Maybe we should fix that? Or not.)
6. Move on to raising and lowering the bed and why it's needed
7. Talk about the menu but might be best to show it off when you start sending jobs to it
8. Mention the materials we supply and what materials are allowed
9. Talk about the log book and money box. Mention the credit recording at the back of the book
10. Mention why it's worth recording the time even if you don't care about how much money you pay. Some people didn't get it until I had to spell out we want to know how long the laser has ran for, not what you paid for it
11. Move to the computer. Prep a job (make it as small as possible) and send it to the laser cutter to show how visicut works
12. Mention the different profile options in visicut and how you can manually tweak the settings
13. On the laser cutter, after the job is sent, talk about the menu options like boundary
14. Talk about emergency stop especially short press vs. long press
15. Cut your piece
16. Get them to do the same. Keep it simple though, this is an induction
17. In between jobs I turn off the chiller so they make sure to remember to turn it on
18. You have some time while the laser cutter is running to talk about relevant scenarios: so mention if there is a fire what to do, how to emergency stop if the menu crashes, how to report issues with the laser and what issues to look out for.
19. Also remind them to time the cut

Risk Assessment

[Laser Cutter Risk Assessment](#)



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